=> fil req

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:53:07 ON 21 FEB 2008 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 20 FEB 2008 HIGHEST RN 1004854-20-9 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 20 FEB 2008 HIGHEST RN 1004854-20-9

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 9, 2008.

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

=> d ide can tot 15

- ANSWER 1 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN 1.5
- RN 851539-16-7 REGISTRY
- Entered STN: 02 Jun 2005 ED
- CN
- Phenol, 3,3'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1-
- propanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- MF 022 834 03 Si2 CA
- SR
- LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE) 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 142:464516

- ANSWER 2 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- DM 60338-33-2 REGISTRY
 - Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
- Carbonic dichloride, polymer with 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3disiloxanediy1)di-3,1-propanediy1]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1-propanediyl]bis-, polymer with carbonic dichloride (9CI)
OTHER NAMES:

CN 1,3-Bis[γ-(o-hydroxyphenyl)propyl]-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxanephosgene copolymer

MF (C22 834 03 Si2 . C C12 0) z

CI PMS

PCT Polycarbonate, Polycarbonate formed

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

RELATED POLYMERS AVAILABLE WITH POLYLINK

CM 1

CRN 4515-51-9 CMF C22 H34 O3 Si2

CMF C22 N34 03 512

CM :

CRN 75-44-5 CMF C C12 O

c1_0_c1

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 87:185014

REFERENCE 2: 85:109031

- L5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- RN 4515-51-9 REGISTRY
- ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
- CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1-

propanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(tetramethyldisiloxanylene)bis(trimethylene)]di- (7CI, 8CI) OTHER NAMES:

2N 1,3-Bis[(γ-ortho-hydroxyphenyl)propyl]-1,1,3,3-tetramethyl disiloxane

MF C22 834 03 Si2

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, USPAT2, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

12 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

12 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 145:490036

REFERENCE 2: 138:402371

REFERENCE 3: 136:184218

REFERENCE 4: 120:193643

REFERENCE 5: 120:9729

REFERENCE 6: 82:17156

REFERENCE 7: 79:42603

REFERENCE 8: 76:153842

REFERENCE 9: 76:46295

REFERENCE 10: 76:4464

=> fil uspatful

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 13:53:19 ON 21 FEB 2008
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE COVERS 1971 TO PATENT PUBLICATION DATE: 21 Feb 2008 (20080221/PD) FILE LAST UPDATED: 21 Feb 2008 (20080221/ED)

HIGHEST GRANTED PATENT NUMBER: US7334268

HIGHEST APPLICATION PUBLICATION NUMBER: US2008047040

CA INDEXING IS CURRENT THROUGH 21 Feb 2008 (20080221/UPCA)

ISSUE CLASS FIELDS (/INCL) CURRENT THROUGH: 21 Feb 2008 (20080221/PD) REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Dec 2007

USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Dec 2007

=> d bib abs hitstr tot 135

L35 ANSWER 1 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2007:257492 USPATFULL Full-text

II Curable Silicone Composition and Cured Product Thereof

IN Morita, Yoshitsugu, Chiba Prefecture, JAPAN Isshiki, Minoru, Ehime Prefecture, JAPAN Ueki, Hiroshi, Chiba Prefecture, JAPAN

Togashi, Atsushi, Midland, MI, UNITED STATES

4

US 2007225437 A1 20070927 PΤ AΙ US 2004-578798 A1 20041104 (10) WO 2004-JP16716 20041104

20070112 PCT 371 date

JP 2003-378521 20031107 PRAT

Utility

APPLICATION

LREP HOWARD & HOWARD ATTORNEYS, P.C., THE PINEHURST OFFICE CENTER, SUITE #101, 39400 WOODWARD AVENUE, BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MI, 48304-5151, US

CLMN Number of Claims: 18

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 801

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A curable silicone composition includes: (A) an organopolysiloxane AB represented by the siloxane unit formula (1) given below and having at least

two univalent organic groups that contain epoxy groups and are free of aromatic rings: [R.sup.1.sub.3SiO.sub.1/2].sub.a

[R.sup.2.sub.2Si0.sub.2/2].sub.b [R.sup.3Si0.sub.3/2].sub.c (where R.sup.1, R.sup.2, and R.sup.3 are univalent organic groups, at least two of which are contain epoxy groups and are free of aromatic rings; more than 20 mole % of R.sup.3 are aryl groups; a+b+c & equals; 1; on average, "a" satisfies the

following condition: 0≤a≤0.8; on average, "b" satisfies the following condition: 0≤b≤0.8; and, on average satisfies the following condition: 0.2≤c≤1.0); (B) a linear-chain organopolysiloxane having at least two univalent organic groups that contain phenolic hydroxyl groups; and (C) a

curing accelerator.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

TT 851539-16-7

(component B; tri-component curable silicone composition with accelerated curability as sealant/adhesive for electronics with high flexibility and improved adhesion characteristics)

851539-16-7 USPATFULL RN

Phenol, 3,3'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propagedivl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L35 ANSWER 2 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

2004:162477 USPATFULL Full-text AN

ΤI Benzoxazines, thermosetting resins comprised thereof, and methods for use thereof

Dershem, Stephen M., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

Liu, Puwei, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Mizori, Farhad G., La Mesa, CA, UNITED STATES

Loctite Corporation (U.S. corporation) PA A1 20040701 PΙ US 2004123948

AΙ US 2003-735119 A1 20031211 (10)

Division of Ser. No. US 2001-8591, filed on 13 Nov 2001, PENDING RI.T

DT Utility

APPLICATION

LREP FOLEY & LARDNER, P.O. BOX 80278, SAN DIEGO, CA, 92138-0278

CLMN Number of Claims: 19

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 930

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

In accordance with the present invention, there are provided novel benzoxazine compounds and thermosetting resin compositions prepared therefrom. Invention compositions are particularly useful for increasing adhesion at interfaces within microelectronic packages. Invention benzoxazines are useful for the preparation of invention compositions with properties which are associated with increased adhesion at interfaces, such as, for example, low shrinkage on cure and low coefficient of thermal expansion (CTE). In another aspect of the invention, there are provided dieattach pastes having increased interfacial adhesion. Invention die-attach pastes include benzoxazine-containing thermosetting resin compositions. In further aspects of the invention, there are provided methods for enhancing adhesive strength of thermosetting resin compositions and methods for enhancing adhesion of a substrate bound to a metallic surface by a thermosetting resin composition.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 4515-51-9P

(intermediate; for polymerizable benzoxazines for adhesives)

RM 4515-51-9 USPATFULL

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L35 ANSWER 3 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

ΔN 2003:181717 USPATFULL Full-text

ΤI Benzoxazines, thermosetting resins comprised thereof, and methods for use thereof

ΤN Dershem, Stephen M., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Liu, Puwei, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Mizori, Farhad G., La Mesa, CA, UNITED STATES

PA Loctite Corporation (U.S. corporation)

ΡI US 2003125551 A1 20030703 US 6743852 B2 20040601

AΙ US 2001-8591 A1 20011113 (10)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP FOLEY & LARDNER, P.O. BOX 80278, SAN DIEGO, CA, 92138-0278

CLMN Number of Claims: 35

ECI. Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 935

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AR In accordance with the present invention, there are provided novel benzoxazine compounds and thermosetting resin compositions prepared

6

therefrom. Invention compositions are particularly useful for increasing adhesion at interfaces within microelectronic packages. Invention benzoxazines are useful for the preparation of invention compositions with properties which are associated with increased adhesion at interfaces, such as, for example, low shrinkage on cure and low coefficient of thermal expansion (CTE). In another aspect of the invention, there are provided dieattach pasts having increased interfacial adhesion. Invention die-attach pasts include benzoxazine-containing thermosetting resin compositions. In further aspects of the invention, there are provided methods for enhancing adhesive strength of thermosetting resin compositions and methods for enhancing adhesion of a substrate bound to a metallic surface by a thermosetting resin composition.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 4515-51-9P

(intermediate; for polymerizable benzoxazines for adhesives)

RN 4515-51-9 USPATFULL

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L35 ANSWER 4 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

AN 94:57936 USPATFULL Full-text

TI Aromatic cvanate-siloxane

IN Liao, Zeng K., Lake Jackson, TX, United States Wang, Chun S., Tainan, Taiwan, Province of China

PA The Dow Chemical Company, Midland, MI, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5326893 19940705

AI US 1993-147279 19931027 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1993-93497, filed on 16 Jul 1993 which is a division of Ser. No. US 1992-837464, filed on 14 Feb 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5260398 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

1990-505310, filed on 5 Apr 1990, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Marquis, Melvyn I.; Assistant Examiner: Dean, Karen A.

CLMN Number of Claims: 4 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings

DEWIN NO I

LN.CNT 901

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compounds are prepared which have at least one aromatic cyanate group and at least one organosiloxane moiety per molecule. These compounds when cured possess excellent thermal stability, moisture resistance properties and a low dielectric constant.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 4515-51-9P

(preparation and reaction of, for curable cyanato siloxane compns.)

RN 4515-51-9 USPATFULL

7

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L35 ANSWER 5 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

AN 94:28835 USPATFULL Full-text

TI Blends containing cyanate-siloxanes

IN Liao, Zeng K., Lake Jackson, TX, United States Wang, Chun S., Tainan, Taiwan, Province of China

PA The Dow Chemical Company, Midland, MI, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5300591 19940405

AI US 1993-93497 19930716 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1992-837464, filed on 14 Feb 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5260398 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

1990-505310, filed on 5 Apr 1990, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Marquis, Melvyn I.; Assistant Examiner: Dean, Karen A.

CLMN Number of Claims: 5

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 850

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Blends containing (1) at least one compound containing an average of more than one vicinal aromatic cyanate group per molecule and at least one organosiloxane moiety per molecule and (2) at least one compound containing an average of more than one vicinal aromatic cyanate group per molecule which is substantially free of organosiloxane moieties. The compositions are useful as a component in adhesives, coatings, laminates, composites, encapsulants, filament winding, and molding.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 4515-51-9P

(preparation and reaction of, for curable cyanato siloxane compns.)

RN 4515-51-9 USPATFULL

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanedivl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L35 ANSWER 6 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

AN 93:93887 USPATFULL Full-text

Aromatic cyanate-siloxane

8

IN Liao, Zeng K., Lake Jackson, TX, United States Wang, Chun S., Tainan, Taiwan, Province of China

PA The Dow Chemical Company, Midland, MI, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5260398 19931109 AI US 1992-837464 19920214 (7)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-505310, filed on 5 Apr 1990, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Marquis, Melvyn I.; Assistant Examiner: Dean, Karen A.

CLMN Number of Claims: 10 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

ECL Exemplary Cla DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 881

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Curable compositions containing a compound containing an average of more than one vicinal aromatic cynate group per molecule and at least one organosiloxane moiety per molecule and a curing catalyst therefor. The compositions are useful as a component in adhesives, coatings, laminates, composites, encapsulants, filament winding, and molding.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 4515-51-92

(preparation and reaction of, for curable cyanato siloxane compns.)

RN 4515-51-9 USPATFULL

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L35 ANSWER 7 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

AN 93:33565 USPATFULL Full-text

TI Aromatic hydroxyl-containing compounds containing organosiloxane

moieties, epoxy compounds and cured products thereof

IN Liao, Zeng K., Lake Jackson, TX, United States Wang, Chun S., Tainan, Taiwan, Province of China

PA The Dow Chemical Company, Midland, MI, United States (U.S. corporation)

ra The Dow Chemical Company, Midian

PI US 5206312 19930427 AI US 1991-729508 19910712 (7)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-439208, filed on 20 Nov 1989,

now abandoned

DT Utility FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Bleutge, John C.; Assistant Examiner: Glass, M. W.

CLMN Number of Claims: 25

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 1755

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compounds are prepared which contain both an organosiloxane moiety and either a phenolic hydroxyl group or an epoxide group. Also disclosed are curable and cured compositions.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

RN 4515-51-9 USPATFULL

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1-propanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L35 ANSWER 8 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

AN 71:43868 USPATFULL Full-text

TI METHOD OF PREPARING 1,3-BIS/HYDROXYALKYL(ARYL)/-TETRAORGANODISILOXANES

IN Mironov, Vladimir Florovich, UL. Gubkina, 4, kv. 13, Moscow, USSR Kozlikov, Vadim Lvovich, Novye Cheremushki, Korpus 19, kv. 15, Moscow, USSR

PI US 3622609 19711123

AI US 1968-754449 19680821 (4)

PRAI SU 1967-1182274 19670823

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Levow, Tobias E.; Assistant Examiner: Shaver, P. F.

LREP Waters, Roditi, Schwartz & Nissen

CLMN Number of Claims: 13

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 281

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Carbofunctional diols of the disiloxane series are prepared by reacting organohalosilanes with unsaturated alcohols in the presence of a tertiary amine as hydrogen chloride acceptor, and in an organic solvent medium, subjecting the resultant alkenyloxydiorganosilanes to polymerization in the presence of a hydrosilylation catalyst, boiling the mixture of siloxyalkanes thus obtained with an alkaline solution, and thereafter separating the desired product.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 4515-51-9P

(preparation of)

RN 4515-51-9 USPATFULL

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanediyl)bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> fil hcaplus FILE "HCAPLUS" ENTERED AT 13:53:36 ON 21 FEB 2008 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on SIN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Feb 2008 VOL 148 ISS 8 FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Feb 2008 (20080220/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> => fil hcaplus FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:53:52 ON 21 FEB 2008 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Feb 2008 VOL 148 ISS 8 FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Feb 2008 (20080220/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d bib abs hitstr retable tot 133

L33 ANSWER 1 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1176371 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 145:490036

TI Thermally conductive curable silicone composition and cured product therefrom

IN Morita, Yoshitsugu; Issbiki, Minoru; Ueki,

11

Hiroshi

PA Dow Corning Toray Co., Ltd., Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 27pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.			KIN	KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE					
							-											
PI	WO	20061	1183	34		A1		2006	1109	WO 2006-JP309218				2	0060	427		
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,	KZ,
			LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,
			NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,
			SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,
			YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW												
		RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
			IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	BJ,
			CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,
			GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,
			KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM										
	JP	20063	3069	53		A		2006	1109		JP 2	005-	1294	41		2	0050	427
	EP	18748	369			A1		2008	0109		EP 2	006-	7460	50		2	0060	427
		R:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
			IS,	IT,	LI,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR	
	KR	20080	0038	35		A		2008	0108		KR 2	007-	7246	72		2	0071	026
PRAI	JP	2005-	-129	441		A	20050427											
	WO	2006-	-JP3	0921	В	W		2006	0427									

AB A curable silicone composition comprises: (A) an organopolysiloxene that is represented by the average unit formula: (R1SSi01/2)a(R2ZSi02/2)b(RSSi03/2)c(S i04/2)d (wherein R1, R2, and R3 are each independently selected from substituted or unsubstituted monovalent hydrocarbon groups and epoxyfunctional monovalent organic groups, with the proviso that at least 20 mol% of R3 are aryl groups, and a, b, c, and d are nos. that satisfy $0 \le a \le 0.8$, $0 \le b \le 0.8$, $0.2 \le c \le 0.9$, $0 \le d < 0.8$, and a + b + c + d = 1), and that has at least two of the aforementioned epoxy-functional monovalent organic groups in each mol.; (B) a compound that has a group capable of reacting with the epoxy group; (C) a cure accelerator; and (D) a thermally conductive filler (e.g., silver powder). The composition has excellent handling characteristics and cures rapidly to give a cured product that is highly thermally conductive, very flexible, highly adhesive, and very flame retardant.

IT 4515-51-9

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(thermally conductive curable silicone composition and cured product therefrom)

RN 4515-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RETABLE

Referenced Author	Year VOL PG	Referenced Work	Referenced
(RAU)	(RPY) (RVL) (RPG)	(RWK)	File
	+++	+	+
Anon	1995 1995	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF	1
Anon	1997 1997	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF	1
Iwona, R	[2003]	US 2003212230 A1	HCAPLUS
Morita, Y	[2005]	WO 2005044920 A	HCAPLUS
Sumitomo Bakelite Co	Lt 1995	JP 07161740 A	HCAPLUS
Sumitomo Bakelite Co	Lt 1997	JP 09095651 A	HCAPLUS

- L33 ANSWER 2 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- AN 2005:429487 HCAPLUS Full-text
- DN 142:464516
- TI Curable silicone composition with accelerated curability as a sealant/adhesive for electronics with high flexibility and improved adhesion characteristics
- IN Morita, Yoshitsugu; Isshiki, Minoru; Geki,
- Hiroshi; Togashi, Atsushi
- PA Dow Corning Toray Silicone Co., Ltd., Japan SO PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

AB

E PALV.	CIVI																
	PATE	NO.													DATE		
PI	WO 20	0050449	20		A1		2005	0519		WO 2	004-	JP16	716		2	0041	104
	1	W: AE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,
		LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,	NO,
		NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	TJ,
		TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
	I	RW: BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
		AZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,
		EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IS,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,
		SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,
		NE,	SN,	TD,	TG												
	EP 16	689816			A1		2006	0816		EP 2	004-	7996	09		2	0041	104
	I	R: AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		IE,	SI,	FI,	RO,	CY,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	PL,	SK,	IS			
	CN 18	875071			A		2006	1206		CN 2	004-	8003	2282		2	0041	104
	US 20	0072254	37		A1		2007	0927		US 2	004-	5787	98		2	0041	104
		0051547					2005	0616		JP 2	004-	3228	05		2	0041	105
	KR 20	0070072	55		A		2007	0115		KR 2	006-	7111	72		2	0060	607
PRAI	JP 20	003-378	521		A		2003	1107									
	WO 20	004-JP1	6716		W		2004	1104									

A curable silicone composition with accelerated curability producing cured sealant/adhesive for electronics with high flexibility, improved adhesion and excellent elec. properties includes three parts: A, B, C. A is an organopolysiloxane represented by the siloxane unit formula: [R13si01/2]a [R22si02/2]b [R3si03/2]c, where R1, R2, and R3 are univalent organic groups, ≥ 2 of which are univalent organic groups which contain epoxy groups and are free of aromatic rings and > 20 mol \S of R3 are aryl groups and where a + b + c = 1; and where $0 \leq a \leq 0.8$; $0 \leq b \leq 0.8$; $0.2 \leq c \leq 1.0$. B is a linear chain organopolysiloxane having ≥ 2 univalent organic groups that contain phenolic hydroxyl groups. C is a curing accelerator and can be exemplified by amines, organomentallic compds., organophosphorus compds., organic ammonium or

sulfonium salts, boron complex compds. and organic peroxides. Under the effect of curing accelerator the epoxy group of component A reacts with the phenolic hydroxyls of component B, thus providing crosslinking and curing. \$51539-15-7

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(component B; tri-component curable silicone composition with accelerated curability as sealant/adhesive for electronics with high flexibility and improved adhesion characteristics)

RN 851539-16-7 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 3,3'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanediyl)bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RETABLE

ТТ

Referenced Author	Year	VOL	PG	Referenced Work	Referenced
(RAU)	(RPY	(RVL)	(RPG)	(RWK)	File
	-+====	+====	+=====	-+	+
Anon	11995	11995	1	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF	1
Dow Corning Toray Silic	c 1993	1	1	EP 0571965 A	HCAPLUS
Morita	1996	1	1	US 5516858 A	HCAPLUS
Shin Etsu Chem Co Ltd	11994	1	1	IJP 06306084 A	HCAPLUS

- L33 ANSWER 3 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- AN 1994:193643 HCAPLUS Full-text
- DN 120:193643
- TI Aromatic cyanate-siloxane curable compositions
- IN Liao, Zeng K.; Wang, Chun S.
- PA Dow Chemical Co., USA
- SO U.S., 14 pp. Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 505,310, abandoned.
- CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent LA English
- LA Englis
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
PI	US 5260398	A	19931109	US 1992-837464	19920214	
	US 5300591	A	19940405	US 1993-93497	19930716	
	US 5326893	A	19940705	US 1993-147279	19931027	
PRAI	US 1990-505310	B2	19900405			
	US 1992-837464	A3	19920214			
	US 1993-93497	A3	19930716			

AB The title compns., useful for adhesives, coatings, laminates, composites, encapsulants, etc., comprise ≥1 compound containing ≥1 vicinal aromatic cyanate/mol. and ≥1 of the compound having ≥1 organosiloxame/mol. and ≥1 curing catalyst. Stirring 0.5 mol 2-allylphenol in PhMe solution in 0.25 mol 1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxame in PhMe solution at 75° with H2PtCl6 and tertamyl alc. and heating to 105° gave brown color and purity ≥92° 1,3-bis(3'-(2-hydroxyphenyl)propyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxame, 0.1 mol of which was reacted with 0.24 mol CMBr in methylene chloride at -30° and 0.26 mol NEt3, and hydrolyzed to give 1,3-bis(3'-(2-cyanatophenyl)propyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxame (1). A curable composition was prepared from I, a

functional (2.2) dicyclopentadiene-phenol copolymer cyanate ester having cyanate equivalent weight 213, and Co acetylacetonate.

IT 4515-51-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, for curable cyanato siloxane compns.)

RN 4515-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1-propanediyllbis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L33 ANSWER 4 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 1994:9729 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 120:9729

TI Novel aromatic organosiloxanes containing hydroxy groups and their use for thermally stable epoxy resins and cured products

IN Liao, Zeng K.; Wang, Chun S.

PA Dow Chemical Co., USA

SO U.S., 33 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 439,208, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI US 5206312	A	19930427	US 1991-729508	19910712		
PRAI US 1989-439208	B2	19891120				
CT						

$$Z = X'' - Ar = \begin{bmatrix} O - CH_2 - C & CH_2 \end{bmatrix}_{m} \begin{bmatrix} D & D \end{bmatrix}_{n}$$

AB The title resins having improved moisture resistance, elec. properties, and low stress, useful for electronic applications, coatings, and composites, are made by reacting (1) ≥1 compound containing an average of >1 aromatic HO group with (2) ≥1 compound containing an average of >1 vicinal epoxy group per mol. provided that ≥1 component of (2) is a siloxane (oligomer) containing aromatic OH groups Z[X''Ar(OH)m]n [I; Ar = (un) substituted di- or multivalent aromatic group; X'' = C2-12 (cyclo)alkylene, C2-12 (cyclo)alkoxyalkylene; Z = n-valent entity containing >1 organosiloxane moiety; m = 1-3; n = 1-200] or II (R = H, C1-3 alkyl; Ar, Z, m, n as defined for I). Thus, a composition containing 1,1,1-tris(4-hydroxyphenyl) methane triglycidyl ether (ERL-4221) 5, 1,3-bis[3-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-propyl]-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane (preparation by

hydrosilylation of 2-allylphenol with 1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane given) 0.5, hexahydrophthalic anhydride (curing agent) 10.8, and 2-ethyl-4methylimidazole (catalyst) 0.06 g was cured 1 h at 130°, 2 h at 180°, and 2 h at 230° to give a casting having glass temperature 198° (DSC).

4515-51-9DP, polymers with epoxy cresol novolac resins RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, with high thermal stability) 4515-51-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN Phenol. 2.2'-[(1.1.3.3-tetramethyl-1.3-disiloxanediyl)di-3.1propanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L33 ANSWER 5 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on SIN

1966:11621 HCAPLUS Full-text AN

DN 64:11621

OREF 64:2127a-c

TI Silylalkylphenols

IN Plueddemann, Edwin P.

PA Dow Corning Corp.

18 pp. SO

Patent

Unavailable LA

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI	FR 1387338		19650129	FR 1963-958149	19631223		
	DE 1221222			DE			
	GB 1022742			GB			

PRAT US

19630109

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Unlike silylphenols, the title compds. are stable to hydrolysis. A mixture of 67 g. o-allylphenol, 70 g. C6H6, and 0.2 g. 0.3% H2PtC16 solution in MeOCH2CH2OMe was refluxed at 95-100°, and 135 g. HSiCl3 added slowly, causing the temperature to rise to 110° within 1 hr. Distillation of the mixture yielded 30 g. I, hydrolysis of which gave 2- HOC6H4CH2CH2CH2SiO1.5. Similarly were prepared Me3SiOSiMe2CH2CH2CH2CH3(OMe)(OH)-3,4, b0.2 120°, d25 0.973, and n25D 1.6805, [4,3-(HO)(MeO)C6H3CH2CH2CH2SiMe2]20, b0.2 215°, d25 1.042, Me3SiOSiMe2CHMeCH2C6H3(OMe)(OH)-3,4, b0.5 130-5°, n25D 1.4810, d. 0.973, [4,3-(HO) (MeO) C6H3CH2CHMeSiMe2]2O, b0.2 218-30°, n25D 1.5078, d. 1.035, Me3SiOSiMe2CH2CH2CH2CH4OH-2, b0.5 115.8°, n25D 1.4791, [2-HOC6H4CH2CH2CH2SiMe2]20, b1 213-15°, n25D 1.5216, d25 1.034, II, b1 80°, 3-Me3SiOSiMe2C15H30C6H4OH, b0.5 190-5°, d. 0.916, CH2:CHCH2C6H3(OSiMe3)(OMe)-4,3, b0.1 75-80°, n25D 1.4958, (MeO)3SiCH2CH2CH2CH3(SiMe3)(OMe)-4,3, b0.4 158-67°; n25D 1.4745, III. The silvlalkylphenols are useful as plasticizers for phenolic resins, as curing agents for epoxy resins, and as coatings for glass fibers used in reinforced polyester resins.

4515-51-9P, Phenol, 2,2'-[(tetramethyldisiloxanylene)bis(trimethyl ene)]di-

RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 4515-51-9 HCAPLUS 16

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> d bib abs hitstr retable tot 134

L34 ANSWER 1 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

2003:396871 HCAPLUS Full-text AN

DN 138:402371

ΤI Benzoxazines having polymerizable side groups, thermosetting resins, and uses

IN Dershem, Stephen M.; Liu, Puwei; Mizori, Farhad

PA Henkel Loctite Corporation, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

English LA

FAN.CNT 1																				
		PAT	ENT I	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION :	NO.		D	ATE		
	PI	PI WO 2003042196				A1 20030522			WO 2002-US35987					20021108 <						
			W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
				CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	
				GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	
				LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,	
				PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	
				TZ,	UA,	UG,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW							
			RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	
				KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	
				FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	
				CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG				
		US	2003	1255.	51		A1		2003	0703		US 2	001-	8591			2	0011	113 <	<
		US	6743	852			B2		2004	0601										
		AU	2002	3636	40		A1		2003	0526		AU 2	002-	3636	40		2	0021	108 <	<
		US	2004	1239	48		A1		2004	0701		US 2	003-	7351	19		2	0031	211 <	<
	PRAI	US	2001	-859	1		A		2001	1113	<-	_								
		WO	2002	-US3	5987		W		2002	1108	<-	_								

OS MARPAT 138:402371

AB The polymers are particularly useful for increasing adhesion at interfaces within microelectronic packages (die-attach pastes), and have low shrinkage on cure and low coefficient of thermal expansion (CTE). Thus, hydroquinone, 3amino-1-propanol vinyl ether, HCOH are reacted to give a divinyl ether benzoxazine, that when added (8%) to a thermosetting bismaleimide resin adhesive showed 290% adhesion enhancement (based on tensile values).

4515-51-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate; for polymerizable benzoxazines for adhesives)

RN 4515-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RETABLE

Referenced Author	Year	VOL	PG	Referenced Work	Referenced
(RAU)	(RPY)	(RVL)	(RPG)	(RWK)	File
	-+====	+====	+=====	-+	+=======
Anon	11995	11995	1	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF	
Anon	11998	11998	1	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF	
Chirachanchai, S	2001	18	1355	COMPOSITE INTERFACES	HCAPLUS
Ciba Ag	11970	1	1	DE 2018625 A	HCAPLUS
Dershem, S	12000	1	1	US 6034195 A	HCAPLUS
Edison Polymer Innovat:	i 1999	1	1	WO 9918092 A	HCAPLUS
Edison Polymer Innovat:	12000	1	1	WO 0027921 A	HCAPLUS
Edison Polymer Innovat:	12000	1	1	WO 0061650 A	HCAPLUS
Fields, D	11962	127	12749	JOURNAL OF ORGANIC C	HCAPLUS
Hitachi Chem Co Ltd	11994	1	1	JP 06345898 A	HCAPLUS
Hitachi Chem Co Ltd	11998	1	1	JP 10259248 A	HCAPLUS
Ishida, H	11996	1	1	US 5543516 A	HCAPLUS
Ishida, H	11998	169	12559	JOURNAL OF APPLIED P	HCAPLUS
Monsanto Co	11985	1	1	EP 0147382 A	HCAPLUS
Pei, D	11998	1	1595	GAOFENZI XUEBAO	HCAPLUS

- L34 ANSWER 2 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- AN 2001:909565 HCAPLUS Full-text
- DN 136:184218
- Oligodimethylsiloxane linked cyanate ester resins TI
- AU Maya, Eva M.; Snow, Arthur W.; Buckley, Leonard J.
- CS U.S. Naval Research Laboratory, Washington, DC, 20375, USA
- SO Macromolecules (2002), 35(2), 460-466
- CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297 PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA. English
- AR A series of dimethylsiloxane linked cyanate ester monomers, NCOC6H4(CH2)3(Si(CH3)2O)nSi(CH2)3C6H4OCN, where n = 1, 2, 3, were synthesized and characterized. Monomers had m.ps. in the range from 5 to -12° , and characterization included 1H, 13C NMR, IR spectroscopy and DSC. Thermoset formation occurred by cyclotrimerization of the cyanate group to cyanurate structure. Cured resins were homogeneous rubbery castings with Tg ranging from 15 to -43°. Dielec. consts. showed little dependence on siloxane chain length and strong dependence on frequency (2.5/15 GHz and 2.85/1 GHz). The corresponding loss tangent increased with siloxane chain length and showed
- small frequency dependence. 4515-51-9P
 - RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 - (in synthesis of cyanurate-linked polydimethylsiloxanes)
- 4515-51-9 HCAPLUS RN
- CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanedivllbis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Me} & \text{Me} \\ \text{(CH2)} \ 3 - \underbrace{\text{Si-O-Si-(CH2)}}_{\text{OH}} \ \text{Me} & \text{Me} \\ \text{OH} & \text{Me} & \text{Me} \end{array}$$

E			

Referenced Author	Year	VOL	PG	Referenced Work	Referenced
(RAU)		(RVL)		(RWK)	File
Arnold, C	+===== 1992		+===== 128		
Beevers, M	11983		11565	37th Int SAMPE Symp Polymer	IHCAPLUS
Beevers, M Beevers, M	11983		1415		
Beevers, M Bondi, A	11968		1412	Siloxane Polymers, C Physical Properties	
Cozzens, R	11987		1601		 HCAPLUS
	11967		12911		IHCAPLUS
Dasgupta, S Delano, C	11975		1243	20th Nat SAMPE Symp	
	11973		1723	IEEE Trans Instrum M	
Dudeck, K		1198-2			HCAPLUS
Eaborn, C	11992		161	Progress in Polymer	
Fang, T	11993			Chem Ber	
Grigat, E	11978				HCAPLUS
Hergenrother, P			1506	23rd Nat SAMPE Symp	HCAPLUS
Kohler, H	11987		1294		I HONDE HO
Lee, W	11975		IIII	Polymer Handbook	HCAPLUS
Liao, S	11973		13825	J Chem Phys	HCAPLUS
Liao, Z	1993		1	US 5260398	HCAPLUS
Martin, D	1967		1123	Z Chem	HCAPLUS
Mathias, L	11993		14070	Macromolecules	HCAPLUS
Mumby, S	11989		241	J Electron Mater	HCAPLUS
Naoki, M	1983		11145	Polymer	1
Nicolson, A	11970		1377	IEEE Trans Instrum M	
Pankratov, V	1977		1278	Russ Chem Rev	
Pollack, S	1998		1452	Polym Prepr	HCAPLUS
Reich, P	1965		12063	Chem Ber	HCAPLUS
Shimp, D	1989		I	US 4847233	HCAPLUS
Shimp, D	1986		1107	Am Chem Soc:Polym Ma	
Shimp, D	1994		230	Chemistry and Techno	
Snow, A	1994		17	Chemistry and Techno	
Snow, A	1999		189	Handbook of Low and	
Snow, A	1999		135	J Polym Sci, Part A:	
Snow, A	11997	130	394	Macromolecules	HCAPLUS
Warrick, E	1952	44	2196	Ind Eng Chem	HCAPLUS

L34 ANSWER 3 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 1977:585014 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 87:185014

OREF 87:29241a,29244a

ΤI Preparation of silicon-containing polycarbonates by low-temperature polycondensation in an organic medium

ΑU Sheludyakov, V. D.; Gorlov, E. G.; Mkhitaryan, S. S.; Zhinkin, D. Ya. CS USSR

SO

Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya B: Kratkie Soobshcheniya (1977), 19(9), 659-63

CODEN: VYSBAI; ISSN: 0507-5483

Journal

LA Russian

AB The title polycarbonates were obtained by polycondensation of diols (HOCH2SiMe2)20 (I), [HO(CH2)3SiMe2]20 (II), and [o-HOC6H4(CH2)3SiMe2]20 (III) with phospene, and by polycondensation of bis-chloroformates of I-III with

bisphenol A, as well as by copolycondensation of I or III with bisphenol A and phosgene. The reactions were conducted in organic solvents (PhMe, CH2C12, CC14, etc.) in the presence of Et3N or pyridine. Optimum conditions of the reactions with resp. to reduced viscosity and yield of the polymers were established, and physicomech. properties (solubility, glass transition temperature, etc.) and thermal stabilities of the latter were determined

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation, physicomech, properties and thermal stability of)

RN 60338-33-2 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonic dichloride, polymer with 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1-propanediyl]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 4515-51-9 CMF C22 H34 O3 Si2

CM 2

CRN 75-44-5 CMF C C12 O

L34 ANSWER 4 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 1976:509031 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 85:109031

OREF 85:17520h,17521a

TI Study of the interfacial polycondensation of disiloxane series diols with phosgene

AU Sheludyakov, V. D.; Mkhitaryan, S. S.; Gorlov, E. G.; Zhinkin, D. Ya.

CS USSR

SO Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1976), 18(7), 1545-8 CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475

DT Journal

LA Russian

AB

1,3-Bis(hydroxymethyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane-phosgene copolymer (I) [60338-31-0], 1,3-bis(7-hydroxypropyl)-1,1,3,3- tetramethyldisiloxane-phosgene copolymer (II) [60338-32-1], and 1,3-bis[7-(0-hydroxyphenyl)propyl]-1,1,3,3- tetramethyldisiloxane- phosgene copolymer (III) [60338-33-2] of number-average mol. wts. 1000-5000 were prepared by interfacial polymerization of the resp. disiloxanediols with Cl2CO. Relatively low mol. wts. and low yields (23.1-38.4, 22.8-32.6, and 63.0-86.1% for I, II, and III, resp.) were ascribed to low reactivities of the OH groups resulting in side reactions of Cl2CO,

hydrolysis and cleavage of the siloxane bonds. I-III were stable in air up to 250-300°.

60338-33-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation, structure and thermal stability of)

60338-33-2 HCAPLUS RN

CN Carbonic dichloride, polymer with 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3disiloxanediv1)di-3,1-propanediv1|bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 4515-51-9 CMF C22 H34 O3 Si2

CM 2

CRN 75-44-5 CMF C C12 O

L34 ANSWER 5 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ΔN 1975:17156 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 82:17156

OREF 82:2763a,2766a

Interaction of organosilicon bis(chloroformates) with amines and hydrazine

Gol'din, G. S.; Baturina, L. S.; Sheludyakov, V. D.; Khatuntsev, G. D. AU

CS Gos. Nauchno-Issled. Inst. Khim. Tekhnol. Elementoorg. Soedin., USSR

Sintez i Fiziko-Khimiya Polimerov (1974), 13, 33-40 SO

CODEN: SFKPAO: ISSN: 0583-4317

DT Journal

LA Russian

AR Chloroformylated disiloxanes, 1,3-bis[(chloroformoxy)methyl]-1,1,3,3-

bis[β -(chloroformyloxy)ethoxylmethyll, and bis[γ -[ω -(chlorofomyloxy)phenyl]propyl] analogs were prepared by reacting the corresponding diols with phospene [75-44-5]. Their condensation with sec. diamines, e.g. N.N'-dimethyl-1,2-ethanediamine [110-70-3] or N.N'-dimethyl-N-[2-(methylamino)ethyl]-1,2-ethanediamine [105-84-0], or with trimethylsilylcontaining polyamines, e.g., N,N'-dimethyl-N,N'-bis(trimethylsilyl)-1,2ethanediamine [1821-97-2], or with hydrazine [302-01-2] gave the corresponding

tetramethyldisiloxane [20566-53-4], and its bis[y- chloroformyloxy)propyl],

copolymers. Ten copolymers of this type, e.g. 1,3bis[(chloroformyloxy)methyl]-1,1,3,3- tetramethyldisiloxane-N,N'-dimethyl-1,2ethanediamine copolymer [53049-47-1] or 1,3-bis[y-(o-

21 (chloroformyloxy)phenyl]propyl]-1,1,3,3- tetramethyldisiloxane-hydrazine

copolymer [53049-61-9] were prepared

4515-51-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with phosgene)

4515-51-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanedivl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L34 ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 1973:442603 HCAPLUS Full-text

DM 79:42603

OREF 79:6933a,6936a

TΙ Reaction of organosilicon alcohols and phenols with phosgene

Mironov, V. F.; Sheludyakov, V. D.; Khatuntsev, G. D.; Kozlikov, V. L. AU

CS

SO Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii (1973), 43(3), 616-20

CODEN: ZOKHA4; ISSN: 0044-460X

DT Journal

LA Russian

COC12 reacted at $0-10^{\circ}$ with O(SiMe2ZOH)2 (I; Z = CH2, (CH2)3, CH2OCH2CH2) to AB form O(SiMe2ZO2CCl)2 (II), SiMe2(ZCl)Cl (III), and ClSiMe2ZO2CCl (IV); the ratios were controlled by reactant ratios and the nature of Z. Thus, passing COC12 into O(SiMe2CH2OH)2 in THF gave mainly 94% II (Z = CH2) also formed in similar yield from liquid COC12 if the resulting HCl was removed; III was the only by-product. The yield of III was enhanced by residual HCl. I(Z = CH2OCH2CH2) gave IV besides the predominantly formed disiloxane, but minor amts. of ClSiMe2CH2Cl, (CH2O2CCl)2, ClCO2CH2CH2Cl and (CH2Cl)2 were also found. The Si-containing phenols were inert towards COC12 at moderate-temps. but with added Et3N gave HSiMe2C6H4O2CCl (m- and p-isomers). Similarly were prepared (o-C1CO2C6H4SiMe2)20 and (o-C1CO2C6H4OCH2SiMe2)20, which with the appropriate phenols and Et3N gave (HSiMe2C6H4O)2CO (o- and p-isomers).

4515-51-9 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction with phosgene)

RN 4515-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanedivl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L34 ANSWER 7 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

1972:153842 HCAPLUS Full-text AN

DN 76:153842

OREF 76:25081a,25084a

TI Chemical transformations of compounds obtained from alkenoxydiorganosilanes by hydrosilylation

ΑU Mironov, V. F.; Kozlikov, V. L.; Kozyukov, V. P.; Fedotov, N. S.; Khatuntsev, G. D.; Sheludyakov, V. D.

Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii (1971), 41(11), 2470-5 SO

CODEN: ZOKHA4: ISSN: 0044-460X

Journal

LA Russian AB

Addg. 58 g CH2:CHCH2OH over 1 hr to 94.6 g Me2SiHCl and 66 g urea and warming to 65° gave 95% Me2SiH(OCH2CH:CH2) which with H2PtCl6 catalyst polymerized in an exothermic reaction, having been heated gradually during mixing, and gave a polymer with mol. weight .apprx.1000. This in 20% NaOH in 5 hr heating gave O(SiMe2CH2CH2CH2OH)2 (I). Heating the polymer with AlCl3 gave 89% Me2SiCl2 while reaction of the polymer with SOC12 in a stream of dry HCl gave 75% Me2SiC1(CH2)3C1. The polymer treated with COC12 in the presence of ZnC12 at 110-30° gave ClSiMe2CH2CH2CH2CCC1 (II), also formed by similar treatment of the depolymn. products obtained by heating the polymer to 280-350°; the same product also formed from 1,1-dimethyl-1-sila-2-oxocyclopentane and COC12 in the presence of AlCl3. Similarly were prepared ClSiMe2-(CH2)402CCl, and C1SiMe2CH2CHMe(CH2)2O2CC1. COC12 and HC1 passed at 130° into 2,2-dimethyl-1oxa-2-sila-6,7-phenylene-cycloheptane gave 80% ClSiMe2(CH2)3C6H4O2CCl-o. I and COC12 gave 72% O[SiMe2CH2CH2CH2C2CC1)2 and 20% II. O[SiMe2(CH2)3C6H4OHo]2 and COC12 in the presence of Et3N at -20° gave 80% O[SiMe2(CH2)3C6H4O2CC1]2. I treated with solid NaOH gave 69% 2,2dimethylsila-1-oxacyclopentane and 31% 2,2,4,4-tetramethyl-2,4-disila- 1,3dioxacycloheptane; the latter with dilute HCl 3 hr gave O(SiMe2OSiMe2CH2CH2CH2OH)2.

ΙT 4515-51-9P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 4515-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L34 ANSWER 8 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 1972:46295 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 76:46295

OREF 76:7469a,7472a

TI Bis[hydroxyalkyl(cor aryl)]tetraorganodisiloxanes

Mironov, V. F.; Kozlikov, V. L. TN

SO U.S., 4 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 3

PATENT NO.

KIND

APPLICATION NO. DATE

DATE

19680821 <--

SU 251577	A1 1	19760725	SU 1967-	1182274	19670823 <
PRAI SU 1967-1182274	A 1	19670823	<		
AB The title compds.	(HORSiMe2)20 (I, R	=saturated	or unsatd. al	kylene or
aralkylene) were p	repared b	y treatin	g Me2SiClH	with unsatd.	alcs. in the
presence of PhNMe2	followed	by polym	erization o	of the resulta	nt
alkenyloxysilanes	and alkal	ine hydro	lysis. Thu	ıs, allyl alc.	was added to an
equimol. mixture N					
which was heated w	ith 0.1N	H2PtC16 i	n iso-PrOH	to yield a mi	xture of
siloxyalkanes. The	mixture	was boile	d with 20%	aqueous NaOH	to give I
[R=(CH2)3]. Simil	arly prep	ared were	I [R=CH2CH	MeCH2, o-C6H4	(CH2)3, and

19711123 US 1968-754449

4515-51-9P

PI US 3622609

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

Α

RN 4515-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanediyl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L34 ANSWER 9 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

KIND

Α

DATE

19710818

1972:4464 HCAPLUS Full-text AN

DN 76:4464

OREF 76:781a,784a

- 1,3-Bis[hydroxyalkyl- or -aralkyl]tetraorganodisiloxanes used as antifoams and pore size regulators
- IN Mironov, V. F.; Kozlikov, V. L.
- SO Brit., 6 pp. CODEN: BRXXAA

PATENT NO.

GB 1243024

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 3

	SU 251577		0725 SU	1967-1182274	19670823 <
PRAI	SU 1967-1182274	A 1967	0823 <		
AB	1,3-Bis(hydroxyal)	kyl- or hydro	(yaralkyl)	etramethyldisi.	loxanes (I, $R = (CH2)3$,
	CH2CH(Me)CH2, o-C	6H4(CH2)3, CH	2CH:CH2), ı	seful as antifo	oams, pore size
	regulators, and me	onomers, were	prepared h	by treating Me25	Si(Cl)H with an alc. or
	phenol in the pre-	sence of a ba	se, polymen	rizing the alky	loxysilane to II with
	an iso-PrOH solut	ion of chloro	olatinic ad	cid (III), and h	nydrolyzing II with
	aqueous NaOH. For	r example, al	lyl alc. wa	as added during	4 hr to a mixture of
	Bu2O, Me2Si(Cl)H,	and PhNMe2,	he mixture	was stirred 8	hr, and allowed to
	stand 12 hr to gi	ve 86% Me2Si(CH2CH:CH2	H, 10 ml of wh:	ich was heated to
	120.deg, with 2 d	rops 0.1M III	in iso-Pro	OH, and the rema	ainder of a total of
					35-210.deg., giving
					aOH was refluxed 5 hr,

cooled, and treated with 2 100 ml portions 10% H2SO4 to give 95% 1,3-bis(3hydroxypropyl)-1,1,3,3,-tetramethyldisiloxane [18001-97-3]. Similarly, 3

APPLICATION NO.

GB 1968-1243024

DATE

19680823 <--

TT 9515-51-9

other I were prepared

24

RL: USES (Uses)

(antifoaming agents)

4515-51-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanedivl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L34 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 1971:76521 HCAPLUS Full-text

74:76521 DN

OREF 74:12423a,12426a

TI 1,3-Bis(Hydroxyalkyl or -aryl)tetraorganodisiloxanes

IN Mironov, V. F.; Kozlikov, V. L.

SO Fr., 8 pp. CODEN: FRXXAK

DT Pateor

T. D. French

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE _____ ---------_____ FR 1598951 19700821 FR 19680828 <--

AB The title compds. which can be used in the preparation of polycarbonates, polyurethanes, polyesters, epoxy resins, and antifoaming agents, are prepared in improved yields by treating diorganohalosilanes with unsatd, alcs. in the presence of an amine as acid acceptor, polymerizing the alkenyloxydiorganosilanes in the presence of H2PtCl6, and treating the silaoxaalkanes with NaOH. As an example, a mixture of HSiMe2Cl, PhNMe2, and allvl alc. in Bu20 was stirred at ambient temperature, the HSiMe2OCH2CH:CH2 formed was polymerized in the presence of H2PtCl6, and the product boiled with 20% NaOH to give 98% 1,3-bis(3-hydroxypropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisilox- ane. Methallyl alc., o-allylphenol, and propargyl alc. were also used instead of allyl alc. Also prepared were 1,3-bis(2-methyl-3-hydroxypropyl)- 1,1,3,3,tetramethyldisiloxane, 1,3-bis-[γ-(o-hydroxyphenyl)propyl]- 1,1,3,3tetramethyldisiloxane, and 1,3-bis(3-hydroxy-2-propenyl)-1,1,3,3tetramethyldisiloxane.

4515-51-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

4515-51-9 HCAPLUS RN

Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanedivl]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

25

=> => fil req

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:03:09 ON 21 FEB 2008 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ${\tt ZIC/VINITI}$ data file provided by ${\tt InfoChem.}$

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 20 FEB 2008 HIGHEST RN 1004854-20-9 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 20 FEB 2008 HIGHEST RN 1004854-20-9

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 9, 2008.

Please note that search—term pricing does apply when conducting ${\tt SmartSELECT}$ searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

```
=> d sta que 144

L1 25 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON C22H3403S12

L2 10 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 AND 2/NR

L3 7 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND C6/ES

L4 4 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 NOT PHENOL

L5 3 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 NOT L4

STA
```

VAR G1=AK/ID
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 1
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 7
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 11

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L38 306 SEA FILE=REGISTRY CSS FUL L36

L39 303 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L38 NOT L5

L40 STR

VAR G1=AK/ID NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RSPEC 23 14

NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L41 220 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L39 SSS FUL L40 L42 STR

REP G1=(3-3) CH2 NODE ATTRIBUTES: CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 1 CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 7 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 11

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L44

82 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L41 CSS FUL L42

100.0% PROCESSED SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

195 ITERATIONS 82 ANSWERS

=> d scan 148

L48 52 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

Methanone, [(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[3,1-propanediyl[2-IN hydroxy-4-(octyloxy)-3,1-phenylene]]]bis[phenyl- (9CI)

C52 H74 O7 Si2 MF

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):10

L48 52 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

IN Carbonochloridic acid, (1-methylethylidene)di-4,1-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] and 4,4'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1-propanediyl]bis[2-methoxyphenol] (9CI)

MF (C24 H38 O5 Si2 . C17 H14 C12 O4 . C15 H16 O2)x

CI PMS

CM 1

CM 2

CM 3

L48 52 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

IN Disiloxane, 1,3-bis[3-[3,5-dimethyl-4-(oxiranylmethoxy)phenyl]propyl]1,1,3,3-tetramethyl- (9CI)

MF C32 H50 O5 Si2

CI COM

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

 $-\overset{\circ}{\sim}$

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L48 52 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

- IN Carbonic dichloride, polymer with 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] and 4,4'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1-propanediyl]bis[2-methoxyphenol] (9C1)
- MF (C24 H38 O5 Si2 . C15 H16 O2 . C C12 O) x
- CI PMS

CM 1

CM 2

CM 3

L48 52 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

IN Carbonic dichloride, polymer with 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] and 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1propanediyl]bis[phenol] (9CI)

MF (C22 H34 O3 Si2 . C15 H16 O2 . C C12 O)x

CI PMS

CM 1

CM 2

CM 3

L48 52 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

IN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid,
 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[2-methylphenol] and 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1-propanediyl]bis[phenol] (9CI)
MF (C22 H34 O3 Si2 . C17 H20 O2 . C8 H6 O4 . C8 H6 O4)x

CI PMS

CM 1

CM 2

CM 3

CM ·

L48 52 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

IN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-one, 4,4'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-

disiloxanediyl)bis(3,1-propanediyl-4,1-phenylene)]bis[7-hydroxy- (9CI)
MF C40 H42 O7 Si2

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L48 52 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

IN Phenol, 2,2'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1-propanediyl)bis-, polymer with 2,2',2''-[methylidynetris(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]tris[oxirane] (9C1)

MF (C28 H28 O6 . C22 H34 O3 Si2)x

CI PMS

CM 1

CM 2

L48 52 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

IN Phenol, 4,4'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)di-3,1-

propanediyl]bis[2-methoxy- (9CI)

MF C24 H38 O5 Si2

CI COM

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L48 52 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

IN Formaldehyde, polymer with phenol and 1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-bis[3-[3-(oxiranylmethoxy)phenyl]propyl]disiloxane (9CI)

MF (C28 H42 O5 Si2 . C6 H6 O . C H2 O)×

CI PMS

CM 1

32

$$\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$$

L48 52 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

IN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, (1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl) bis[3,1-propanediyl(2-methoxy-4,1-phenylene)oxy(2-hydroxy-3,1-propanediyl)] ester (9C1)

MF C38 H58 O11 Si2

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):end

=> d his

L27

2 S E4 E ATSUSHI/AU

```
(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:43:50 ON 21 FEB 2008)
```

		SI	ET COST OFF
			RY' ENTERED AT 13:44:26 ON 21 FEB 2008
L1			C22H34O3SI2
L2			L1 AND 2/NR
L3			L2 AND C6/ES
L4			L3 NOT PHENOL
L5	3	S	L3 NOT L4
			S' ENTERED AT 13:45:21 ON 21 FEB 2008
L6			L5
L7			L6 AND PY<=2004 NOT P/DT
L8			L6 AND (PD<=20041104 OR PRD<=20041104 OR AD<=20041104) AND P/
L9	14		L7, L8
			MORITA/AU
L10	1		E3
			MORITA NAME/AU
Lll	55		E4
			MORITA Y/AU
L12	562		E3,E4
			MORITA YOSH
			MORITA YOSH/AU
L13	115		E43-E45
			YOSHITSUGU/AU
L14	1		E22
			ISSHIKI/AU
			ISSHIKI M/AU
L15	134		
L16			E20,E20
L17	26		E26
	_		MINORU/AU
L18			E3
L19	3		E13, E21
			UEKI/AU
			UEKI H/AU
L20	245		E3, E24
			UEKI NAME/AU
L21	3		E4
			HIROSHI/AU
L22	15		E3
			HIROSHI U/AU
L23	1		E5
			HIROSHI NAME/AU
L24	6		E4
			TOGASHI/AU
L25			E4
L26	31		E13-E16
			TOGASHI NAME/AU
107			

```
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:53:07 ON 21 FEB 2008
     FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 13:53:19 ON 21 FEB 2008
    FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:53:36 ON 21 FEB 2008
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:53:52 ON 21 FEB 2008
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:54:59 ON 21 FEB 2008
L36
                STR
L37
             13 S L36 CSS SAM
L38
            306 S L36 CSS FUL
                SAV TEMP L38 LOEWE578A/A
            303 S L38 NOT L5
L39
L40
                STR L36
L41
            220 S L40 FUL SUB=L39
                SAV TEMP L41 LOEWE578B/A
L42
               STR L36
L43
             2 S L42 CSS SAM SUB=L41
L44
             82 S L42 CSS FUL SUB=L41
                SAV TEMP L44 LOEWE578C/A
L45
             54 S L44 AND PMS/CI
             28 S L44 NOT L45
L46
```

31 S L45 NOT (N OR S OR P)/ELS 52 S L44 NOT (N OR S OR P)/ELS

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:03:09 ON 21 FEB 2008

4 S E3

2 S E57

E DOW/CO E E103+ALL

5 S L30-L32

8 S L5

10 S L9 NOT L33

2 S L6 AND L10-L29

5 S L6 AND (DOW? OR CORNING?)/PA,CS,CO

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 13:52:49 ON 21 FEB 2008

3 S L6 AND (E2+RT OR E43-E50 OR E2-E50/PA.CS)

L28 L29

L30

L31

L32

L33

L34

L35

L47

L48

=>

10 / 578798